Refer to: HSA-10/B-128

Mr. Byron Berger Acting Chief Roadside Safety Technology Branch Materials Engineering and Testing Services 5900 Folsom Boulevard Sacramento, California 95819-4612

Dear Mr. Berger:

In Mr. Sudhakar Vatti's July 12 letter, he requested formal acceptance by the Federal Highway Administration of a see-through, combination steel post and beam bridge rail called the California ST-20S. This design, shown in Enclosure 1, was based on a previously accepted Wyoming DOT design for a test level 4 (TL-4) bridge rail and a modified version of your crash-tested ST-20 design. In your test, there was some hood snagging observed with the pickup truck, so you increased the rail face to post face distance in the ST-20S to reduce the likelihood of this occurrence. The final ST-20S design consists of four horizontal box-beam rail elements, the top and bottom ones being TS 203 x 76 x 7.9 structural tubes, and the middle two being TS 203 x 102 x 7.9 tubes. The summary results of the test you ran are shown in Enclosure 2.

Since your design uses thicker steel plate posts, has a greater rail offset then the Wyoming TL-4 rail, and has a lesser opening between the lower rail elements, you did not believe it necessary to conduct the small car test. Similarly, because the ST-20S is 1185-mm high (excluding the additional 187-mm tall top bicycle rail) versus the 830-mm high Wyoming design, you did not conduct the single-unit truck test. I concur that both of these tests can be waived based on the performance of the Wyoming design and on the differences between the two designs.

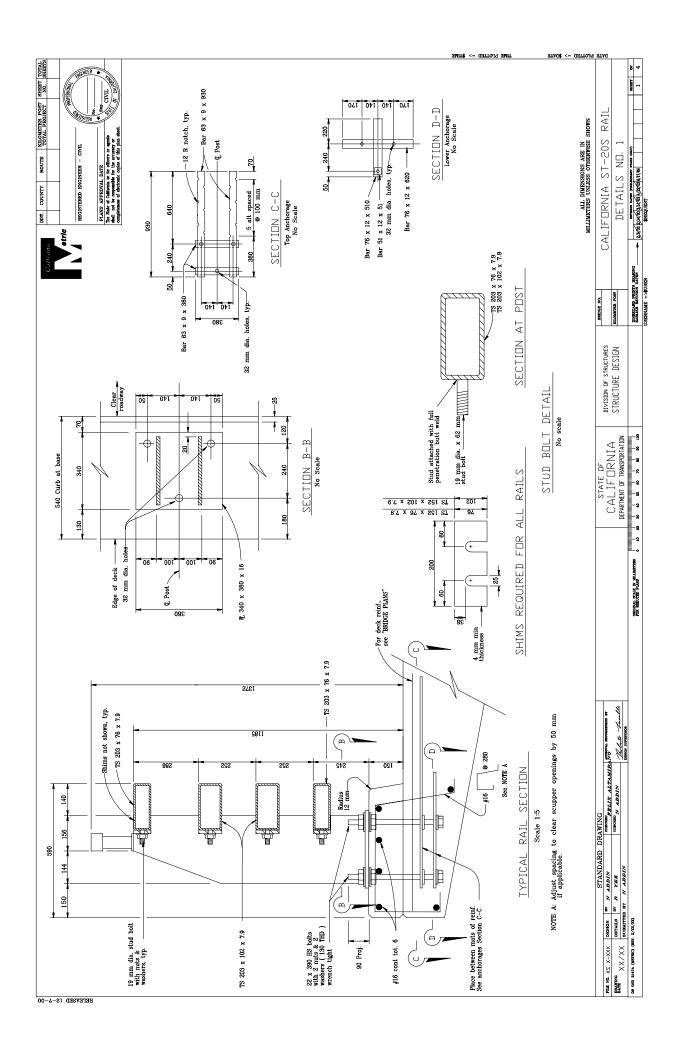
Therefore, the ST-20S design may be considered an NCHRP Report 350 bridge rail at TL-4 and used on the National Highway System when selected by the appropriate transportation authority. I assume that anyone needing detailed drawings and material specifications can obtain this information directly from your office.

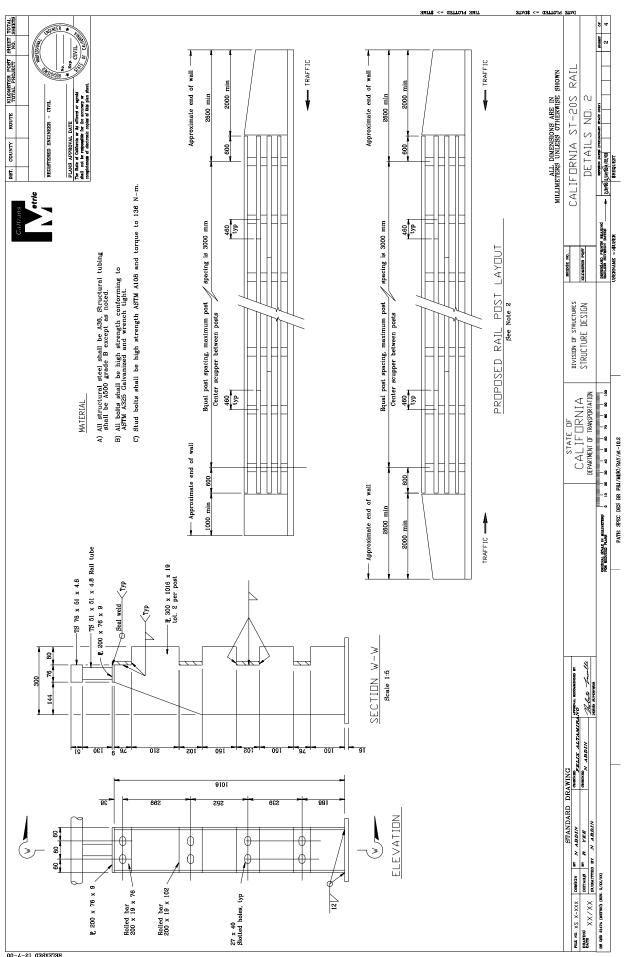
Sincerely yours,

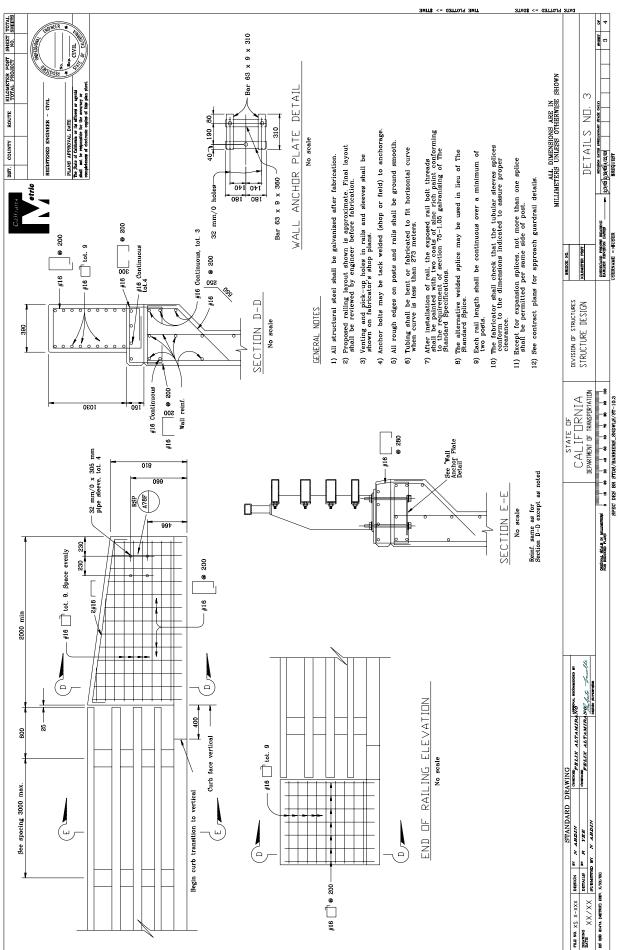
Original Signed by Harry W. Taylor/

~for~

John R. Baxter, P.E. Director, Office of Safety Design Office of Safety







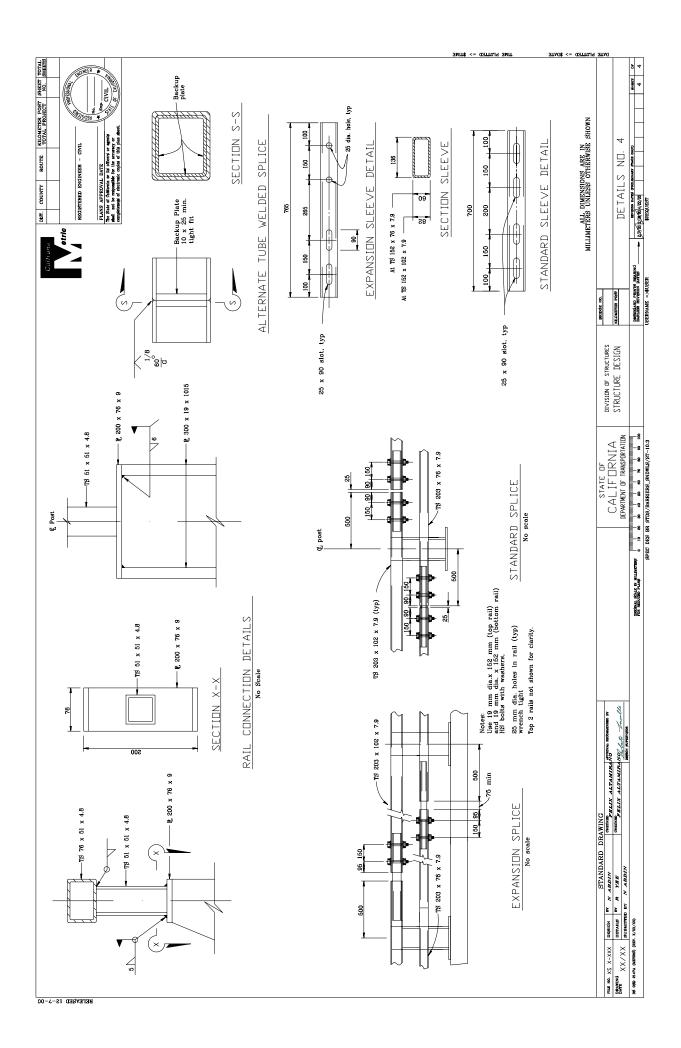
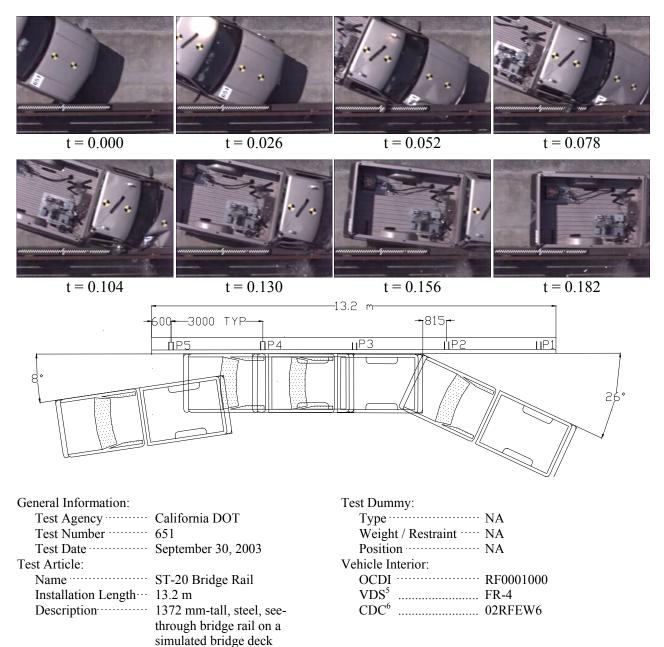


Figure 2-23 - Test 651 Data Summary Sheet



| Occupant Risk Values | Longitudinal | Lateral |
|--------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Occupant Impact Velocity | 6.18 m/s | Not avail. |
| Ridedown Acceleration | -7.00 g | Not avail. |

The vehicle exited smoothly. The front right tire was locked up, but the vehicle continued to track off of the left front wheel.

Inertial Mass ---- 1961 kg

Angle ---- °26

Velocity----- 100.4 km/h

Model ----- 1992 Chevy 2500

Test Vehicle:

Impact Conditions:

Exit Conditions: