



November 17, 2005

In Reply Refer To: HSA-10/B-134A

Mr. Barry D. Stephens, P.E. Sr. Vice President Engineering Energy Absorption Systems, Incorporated 3617 Cincinnati Avenue Rocklin, California 95765

Dear Mr. Stephens:

In my February 14 acceptance letter (HSA-10/B-134) for the Vulcan Barrier, I noted that additional information would be needed before the Vulcan could be deemed crashworthy and acceptable for use in bidirectional applications when connected to a rigid crash cushion or concrete barrier. Staff members had expressed concern about potential pocketing and/or snagging of vehicles impacting the freestanding Vulcan units immediately downstream from a rigid connection point.

In late September, you provided members of my staff data from a reverse direction crash test you ran to address the above concern. The tested transition was designed to connect freestanding Vulcan Barrier units to an anchored QuadGuard CZ. The test results for the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350, Test 3-21 were supplied with your transmittal in the form of a crash test video, a 1-page test summary (Enclosure 1), and before/after photographs. The transition design consisted of a galvanized steel weldment measuring 2.03-m long, 0.8-m high and a variable width that matches the Vulcan Barrier shape to a .61-m wide QuadGuard CZ System (Enclosure 2). The transition incorporates a lower steel mounting plate measuring 9.5-mm thick x 1.07-m wide x 1.22-m long with twelve (12) mounting holes for anchoring the transition to a rigid foundation. For this crash test, four (4) unanchored Vulcan segments were pinned together and the upstream end was pinned to an anchored QuadGuard backup to provide tension to the unanchored Vulcan segments. The downstream end of the unanchored Vulcan was attached to the new transition that was, in turn, attached to a 6-bay, .61-m wide QuadGuard CZ backup. The targeted impact point was the connection between the unanchored Vulcan segment and the new transition. The 2000P vehicle was contained and redirected and the reported occupant risk values were considered acceptable. However, there remained some concern that field installations would be far longer than the test installation, resulting in greater barrier deflection and consequently, more pocketing in the transition area.



To mitigate our concern about pocketing, you submitted with your November 8 letter, a modified Vulcan design that incorporates additional anchoring on the impact side of the three Vulcan sections immediately upstream from the transition (Enclosure 3). Your design gradually increases the number of anchors per section on the approach to the transition. This increase in anchors provides gradual stiffening similar to that which has been successfully tested with precast concrete barrier segments connected to a rigid concrete bridge railing.

Based upon the submitted test results and your Vulcan anchoring improvement, I agree that the proposed transition between Vulcan Barrier and anchored QuadGuard CZ Systems meets the NCHRP Report 350 TL-3 evaluation criteria and may be used on the National Highway System as a transition between these devices in bidirectional applications. I also agree that the results of the submitted test and the addition of anchors to the Vulcan units adjacent to the barrier support the acceptance of your transition between Vulcan and Concrete Median Barrier (CMB) when the Vulcan-to-CMB transition piece (Enclosure 4) is used.

Please note also that the standard provisions for the Federal Highway Administration letters of acceptance noted on my original Vulcan acceptance letter remain applicable to this transition design.

Sincerely yours,

/original signed by George Ed Rice, Jr./

~for~

John R. Baxter, P.E. Director, Office of Safety Design Office of Safety

4 Enclosures

- Manager. Report 267

Test Vehicle

Mass (kg)

Impact Conditions

without the prior

written approval of E-TECH Testing Services, Inc.

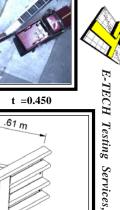






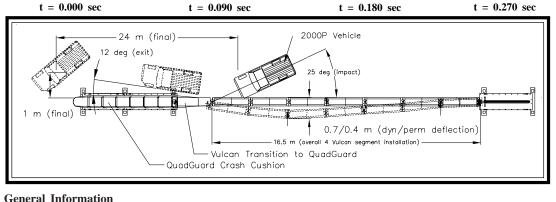






t = 0.360 sec

t = 0.450



Vulcan Barrier Transition

neral information
Test Agency
Test Designation
Test No
Date
st Article
Type
V 2

Installation Length

Material and key elements

Type Designation Model

Foundation Type and Anchorage

•••••

••••••

Curb Test inertial Dummy

Gross

Impact Severity (kJ) 136.1

Speed (km/h).....

NCHRP 350 Test 3-21 01-8430-004 8/29/05 VulcanTM Barrier Transition

E-TECH Testing Services, Inc.

to QuadGuard QZ2406Y Crash Cushion, Transition 2030 mm x 800 mm x 610 mm (L x H x W) (4) Vulcan segments 16.5 m overall length w/o Transition and Crash Cushion end ancorage AASHTO M180 galvanized steel panels, ASTM A53 Pins, and A36

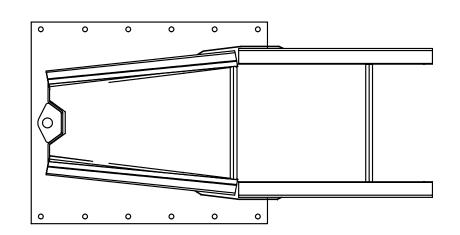
other	
Concre	te, (12) 19 mm x 165 mn
ASTM	A193 B7 studs, MP-3
Anchoi	rng System

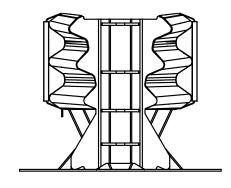
Production Model 2000P					
1989 Chevrolet C2500 Pickup					
-					
1988					
1989					
N/A					
1989					

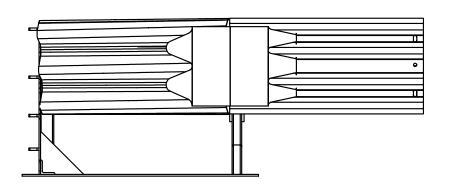
99.7

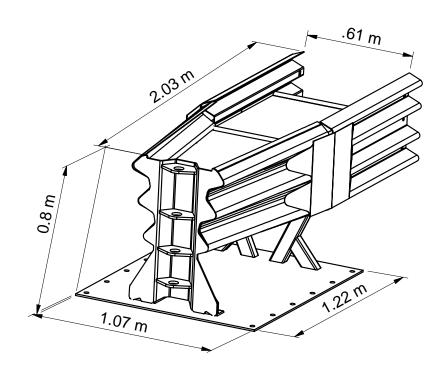
Exit conditions		
Speed (km/h)	•••	62
Angle (deg - veh. c.g.)	•••	12
Occupant Risk Values		/D - 1 - *
Impact Velocity (m/s)	rım	nary / Backup*
x-direction	•••	8.1 / 10.4
y-direction		7.5 / 5.4
Ridedown Acceleration (g's)		
x-direction	•••	-23.5 / -13.7
y-direction		17.0 / 19.0
European Committee for Normalization (CEN) Val		1
THIV (km/h)		38.4 / 42.1
PHD (g's)		25.1 / 19.8
ASI		1.9 / 1.4
Test Article Deflections (m)		
Dynamic	•••	0.7
Permanent		0.4
Vehicle Damage (Primary Impact)		
Exterior		
VDS	•••	LFQ-5
CDC	•••	11FDEW4
Interior		
VCDI	•••	LF0002000
Maximum Deformation (mm)		170
Post-Impact Vehicular Behavior (deg - rate gyro)		
Maximum Roll Angle	•••	-25.4
Maximum Pitch Angle	•••	-9.5

^{*} Primary accelerometers subjected to significant floorboard buckle.

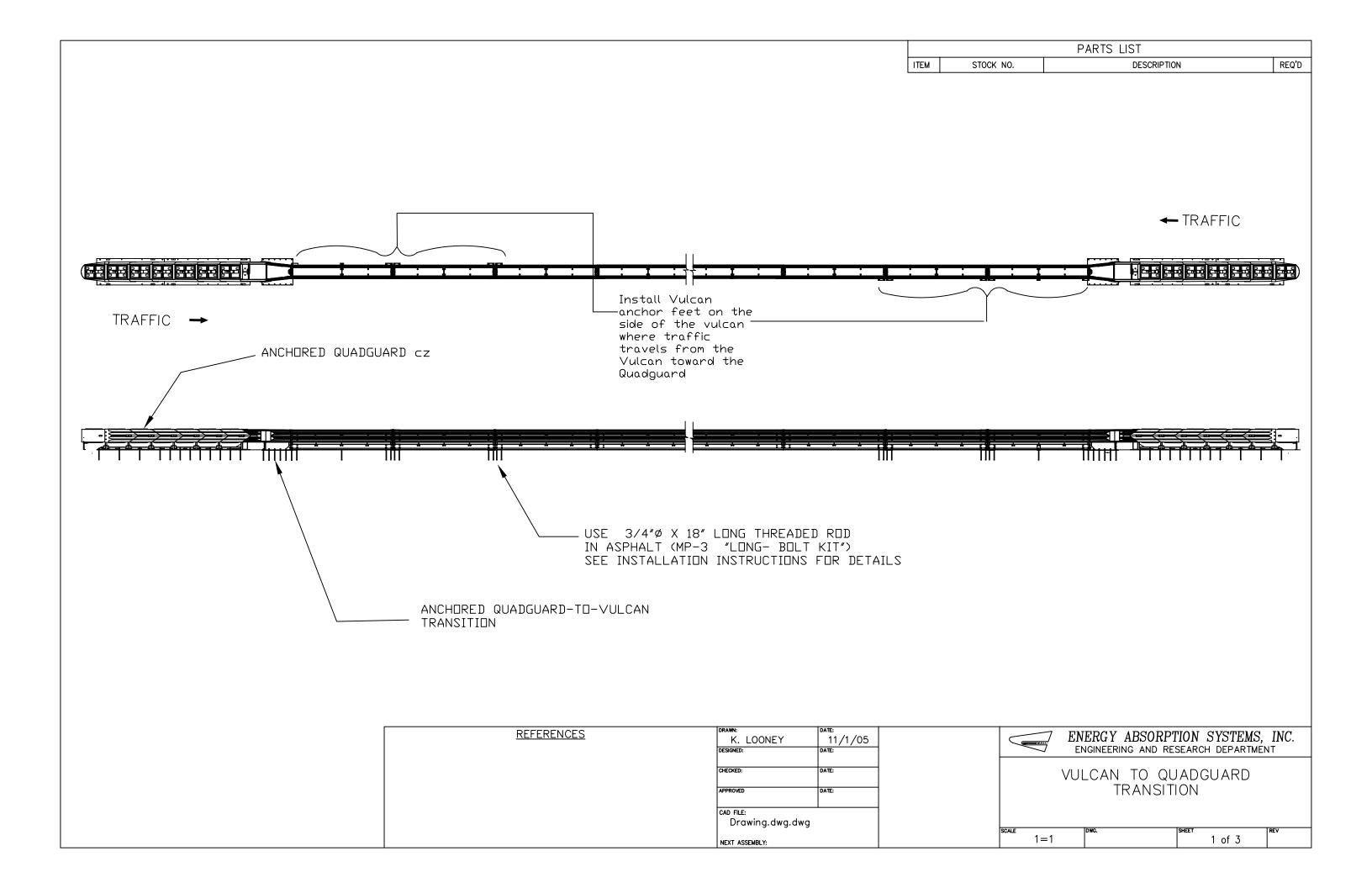


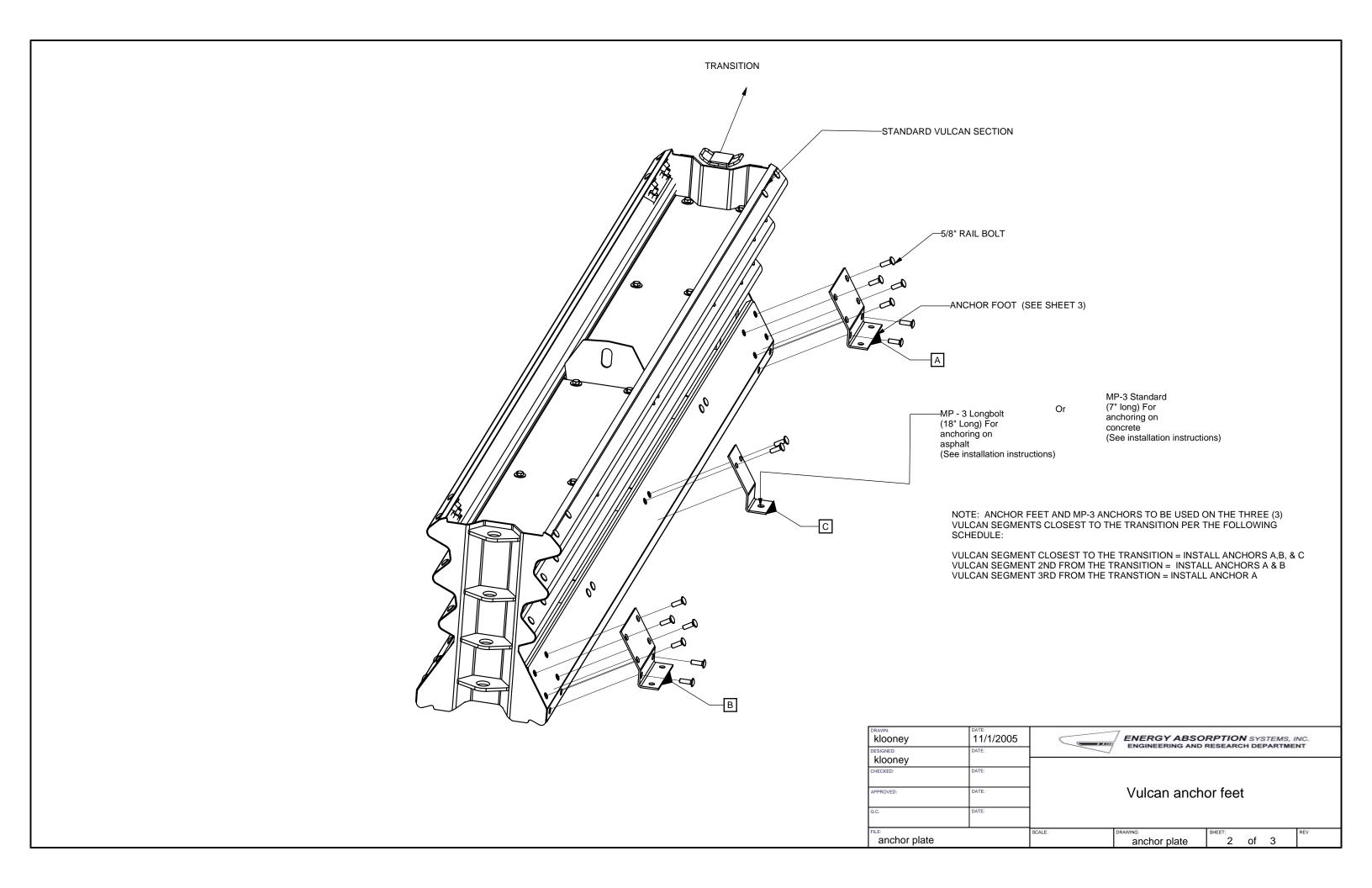


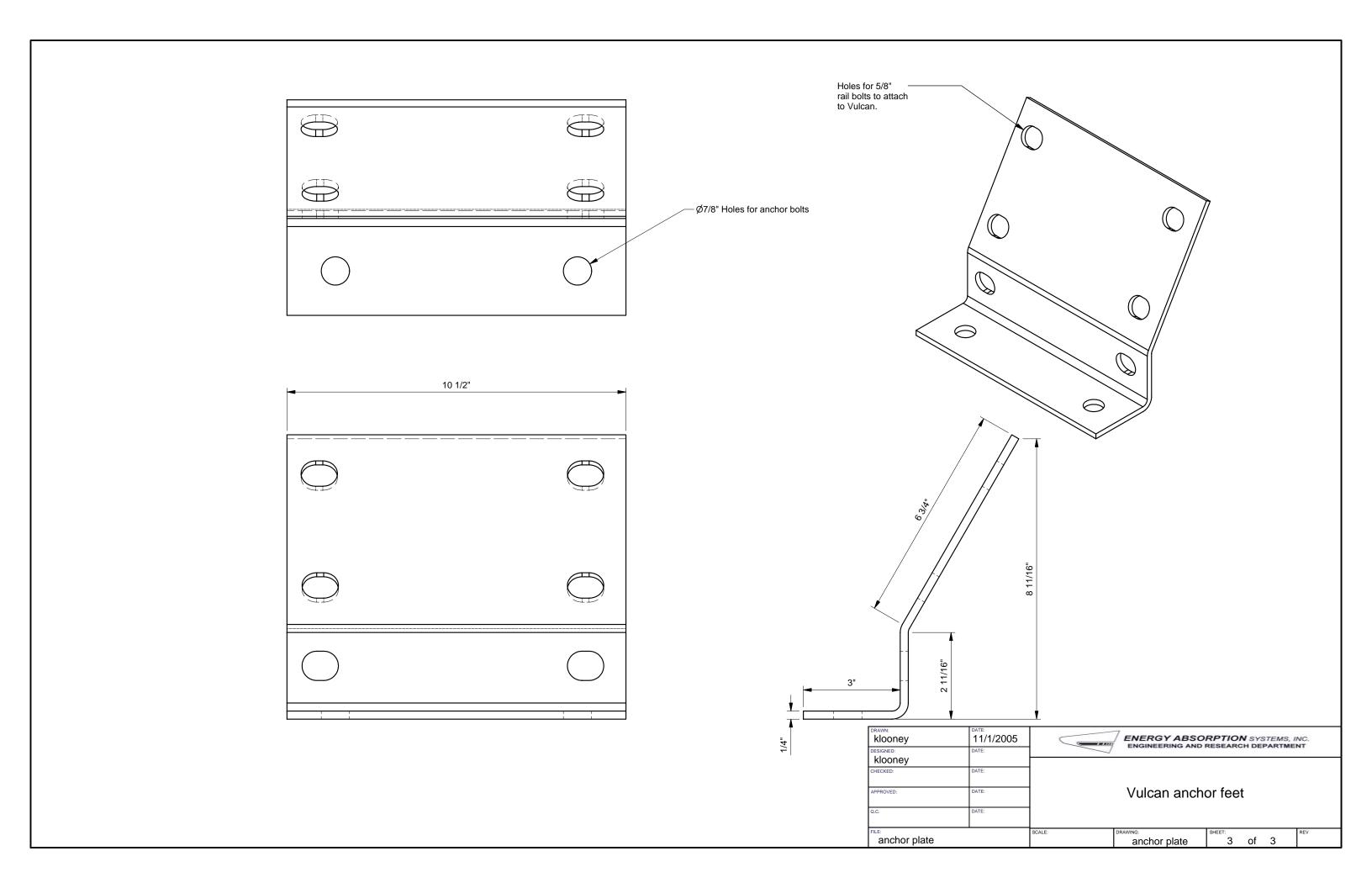


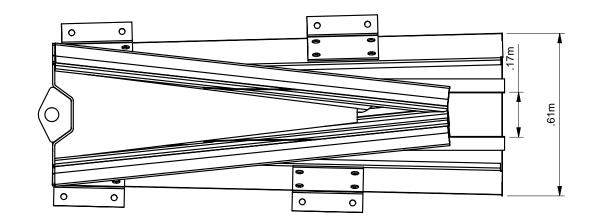


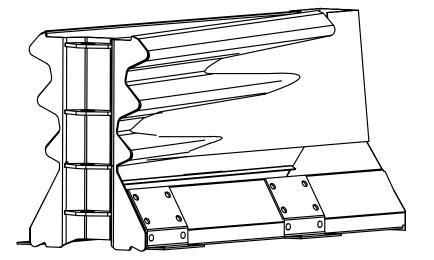
klooney	B/31/2005	ENERGY ABSORPTION SYSTEMS, INC.		
besigned: klooney	DATE:	ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH DEPARTMENT		
CHECKED:	DATE:			
APPROVED:	DATE:	Quad to Vulcan Transition		
Q.C.	DATE:			
Quad to Vulcan Transition		scale: DRAWING: SHEET: REV Quad to Vulcan Transiton 1 of 1		

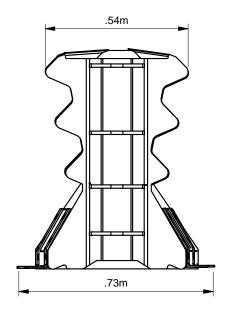


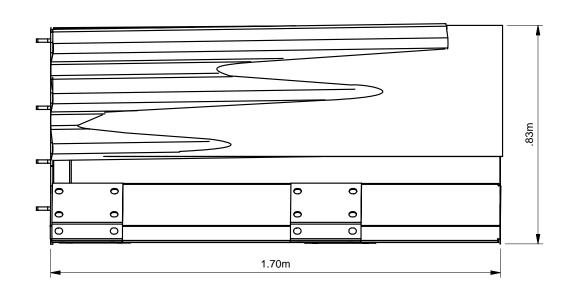












klooney	11/10/2005	ENERGY ABSORPTION SYSTEMS, INC. ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH DEPARTMENT				
besigned: klooney	DATE:		ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH DEPARTMENT			
CHECKED:	DATE:					
APPROVED:	DATE:	VULCAN-TO-CMB TRANSITION				
Q.C.	DATE:	=				
FILE: CMB TRANS PS	' BB	SCALE:	CMB TRANS PSB SHEET: REV			