

1200 New Jersey Ave., SE Washington, D.C. 20590

In Reply Refer To: HSST-1/B-374

Mr. Manar Nashif Illinois State Toll Highway Authority 2700 Ogden Avenue Downers Grove, IL 60515 USA

Dear Mr. Nashif:

We received your correspondence of April 28, 2021 requesting issuance of a reimbursement eligibility letter under the Federal-aid highway program for the roadside safety system, device, design, product, or hardware (collectively "device") described below. This letter is assigned Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) control number B-374.

# **ELIGIBILITY LETTERS**

The FHWA issues Federal-aid reimbursement eligibility letters for new roadside safety devices that are crash tested in accordance with the industry standard of the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).

FHWA, the Department of Transportation, and the United States (government) do not regulate roadside safety devices, crash test facilities, or the manufacturing industry. Issuance of eligibility letters is discretionary and provided only as a service to the states. FHWA may, at its discretion, decline to issue, revise, or rescind an eligibility letter. Eligibility letters are only issued by the FHWA headquarters Office of Safety.

Eligibility letters are issued only as notice to the states that a device is eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program. They do not establish approval or certification for any other purpose. Issuance of an eligibility letter is not a prerequisite or requirement for state transportation agencies seeking to use Federal-aid funds for roadside safety devices. State agencies may use a device for which an eligibility letter has not been issued and seek Federal-aid reimbursement.

# FEDERAL-AID REIMBURSEMENT

The request for issuance of this letter certified the device was crash tested in accordance with the industry standard of AASHTO's MASH. This eligibility letter is based on that certification and the material offered in support of its issuance. The device described below is eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program.

Name of system: Free Standing Temporary Concrete Barrier

Type of system: Temporary Concrete Barrier

Test Level: Test Level 3

Testing conducted by: Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)

Date of request: April 28, 2021

Information about the device, including material such as the eligibility request, crash test reports, drawings, or images are included in one or more attachment(s) to this letter.

Eligibility letter B-374 is inapplicable to devices, optional equipment, alternate materials, or other features that were not crash tested in accordance with AASHTO's MASH.

This letter is issued only for the subject device as crash tested under AASHTO's MASH. Later modification(s) of the device are not eligible for Federal-aid reimbursement under this letter. Notice of later modification(s) should be given to transportation agencies, facility owners, and operators (collectively "agencies").

Agencies should be provided appropriate information about the device's design, installation, maintenance, materials, and mechanical properties.

Issuance of this letter is discretionary, and it may be revised or rescinded at FHWA's discretion. This letter is not a determination of compliance with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways (MUTCD) or ownership of any intellectual property rights.

This eligibility letter is not a determination by the government that a crash involving the subject device will result in any particular outcome. It is limited to only the device's eligibility for Federal-aid reimbursement.

# INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Issuance of this eligibility letter does not convey property rights of any sort nor any exclusive privilege. This letter is not authorization or consent by the government for the use, manufacture, or sale of any patented or proprietary system, device, design, product, or hardware for which the requester is not the patent owner. Eligibility letters are not an expression of any view, position, or determination by the government as to the validity, scope, or ownership of any intellectual property rights to a specific device. These letters do not grant, impute, suggest, or otherwise establish any ownership, distribution, or licensing rights to the requester. The government expresses no opinion about the intellectual property rights relating to any device for which this or any other eligibility letter is issued.

# **PUBLIC DISCLOSURE**

To prevent any misunderstanding, and as discussed above, this eligibility letter is assigned FHWA control number B-374. It should only be reproduced in full with its attachment(s). This letter and the material offered by the requester supporting its issuance is public information. All eligibility letters and supporting material are subject to public disclosure under the Freedom of

Information Act (FOIA). Eligibility letters are available to the public at <a href="https://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/roadway\_dept/countermeasures/reduce\_crash\_severity/">https://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/roadway\_dept/countermeasures/reduce\_crash\_severity/</a>.

If you have any questions please contact Aimee Zhang at Aimee.Zhang@dot.gov.

Sincerely,

Robert Ritter

Director, Office of Safety Technologies

Office of Safety

Robert Ris

Enclosures

# Request for Federal Aid Reimbursement Eligibility of Highway Safety Hardware

	Date of Request:	December 01, 2022		<ul><li>New</li></ul>	○ Resubmission
	Name:	Manar Nashif, P.E. Acting Chief Engineer			
tter	Company:	Illinois State Toll Highway Authority			
Submitter	Address:	2700 Ogden Avenue, Downers Grove, IL 60515			
Suk	Country:	USA			
	To:	Michael S. Griffith, Director FHWA, Office of Safety Technologies			

I request the following devices be considered eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program.

# **Device & Testing Criterion -** Enter from right to left starting with Test Level

!-!-!

System Type	Submission Type	Device Name / Variant	Testing Criterion	Test Level
'B': Rigid/Semi-Rigid Barriers (Roadside, Median, Bridge Railings)	Finging Analysis	Free Standing Temporary Concrete Barrier	AASHTO MASH	TL3

By submitting this request for review and evaluation by the Federal Highway Administration, I certify that the product(s) was (were) tested in conformity with the AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware and that the evaluation results meet the appropriate evaluation criteria in the MASH.

# **Individual or Organization responsible for the product:**

Contact Name: Ahmad Hammad, PhD, PE, SE Same as Sub				
Company Name: WSP USA Inc.		Same as Submitter		
Address:	2200 Western Court, Suite 120, Lisle, IL 60532	Same as Submitter		
Country:	USA	Same as Submitter 🔀		
Enter below all disc	closures of financial interests as required by the FHWA `Federa	al-Aid Reimbursement		
Eligibility Process for	or Safety Hardware Devices' document.			
Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) was contracted by WSP USA Inc. (WSP) to perform full-scale crash testing of the Free Standing Temporary Concrete Barrier. There are no shared financial interests in the Free Standing Temporary Concrete Barrier by TTI, or between WSP and TTI, other than costs involved in the actual crash tests and reports for this submission to FHWA.				
**690900-WSP 1-2A**				

# PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

New Hardware or Significant Modification	Existing Hardware					
The installation consisted of 16 reinforced concrete barriers, each 12.5 ft long, for a total installation length of approximately 200 ft. Two $\%$ -inch diameter B7 threaded rods, with a plate washer, hardened washer, and heavy hex nut on each end, connected adjoining barriers to each other in an "X-pattern" with recesses cast into each end of each barrier. The barriers were $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide at top, 24 inches wide at bottom, and 32 inches tall. Each barrier had two 3-inch tall $\times$ 22-inch long scuppers at bottom, and three slotted holes on each side to receive anchor pins. However, anchor pins were not used for this test installation, as all barriers were unrestrained to the road surface.						
	CRASH TESTING					
By signature below, the Engineer affiliated with the testing laboratory, agrees in support of this submission that all of the critical and relevant crash tests for this device listed above were conducted to meet the MASH test criteria. The Engineer has determined that no other crash tests are necessary to determine the device meets the MASH criteria.						
Engineer Name:						
Engineer Signature:  D. Lance Bullard, Jr. Digitally signed by D. Lance Bullard, Jr. Date: 2022.12.01 15:54:18 -06'00'						
Address:	ddress: 1254 Avenue A, Bldg 7091, Bryan, Texas 77807 Same as Submitter					
Country:	USA	Same as Submitter 🔀				

A brief description of each crash test and its result:

	I	Page 3 of 5
Required Test	Narrative	Evaluation
Number	Description	Results
	Test 3-10 (WSP-1) involves an 1100C vehicle	
	impacting the test article at a target impact	
	speed of 62 mi/h ±2.5 mi/h and a target	
	impact angle of 25° ±1.5°. The target CIP	
	was determined using the information	
	provided in MASH Section 2.2.1, Section	
	2.3.2, and Table 2-7 and was for the right	
	corner of the front bumper to impact at	
	3.6 ft upstream of the centerline of the joint	
	between barriers 6 and 7.	
	The results of the test conducted on January	
	15, 2020, are found in TTI Test Report	
	number 690900-WSP 1-2A. The test vehicle	
	was traveling at an impact speed of	
	61.6 mi/h as it made contact with the barrier	
	4.1 ft upstream of the barrier joint at an	
	impact angle of 24.9°. After loss of contact	
	with the barrier, the vehicle came to rest	
	230 ft downstream of the impact point and	
	28 ft towards the traffic side.	
	The barrier contained and redirected the	
	1100C vehicle. The vehicle did not	
	penetrate, underride, or override the	
	installation. The 1100C vehicle exited within	
	the exit box criteria.	
	Working width was 38.0 inches at the toe of	
3-10 (1100C)	the barrier. Dynamic deflection of the	PASS
	barrier during the test was 14.0 inches, and	
	permanent deflection was 14.0 inches.	
	Although small pieces of concrete spalled	
	off of the barrier, no detached elements,	
	fragments, or other debris were present to	
	penetrate or show potential for penetrating	
	the occupant compartment, or present	
	hazard to others in the area.	
	Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was	
	10.0 inches in the front plane at the right	
	front corner at bumper height. Maximum	
	occupant compartment deformation was	
	1.0 inches in the right front floor pan area.	
	The 1100C vehicle remained upright during	
	and after the collision event. Maximum roll	
	and pitch angles were 11° and 11°,	
	respectively. Longitudinal OIV was 17.1 ft/s,	
	and lateral OIV was 24.9 ft/s. Longitudinal	
	occupant ridedown acceleration was 3.5 g,	
	and lateral occupant ridedown acceleration	
	9.9 g. The occupant risk factors were	
	within the MASH preferred limits.	
	The Free Standing Temporary Concrete	
	Barrier performed acceptably for MASH test	
	3-10.	
1		

Required Test Number	Narrative Description	Evaluation Results
	Test 3-11 (WSP-2A) involves a 2270P vehicle impacting the test article at a target impact speed of 62 mi/h ±2.5 mi/h and a target impact angle of 25° ±1.5°. The target CIP was determined using the information provided in MASH Section 2.2.1, Section 2.3.2, and Table 2-7 and was for the right corner of the front bumper to impact at 4.3 ft upstream of the centerline of the joint between barriers 8 and 9.	
3-11 (2270P)	The results of the test conducted on October 23, 2020 are found in TTI Test Report number 690900 WSP 1-2A. The test vehicle was traveling at an impact speed of 62.7 mi/h as it made contact with the barrier 4.2 ft upstream of the barrier joint at an angle of 24.6°. After loss of contact with the barrier, the vehicle came to rest 211 ft downstream of the impact point and 26 ft towards the field side.  The barrier contained and redirected the 2270P vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. The 2270P vehicle exited within the exit box criteria.  Working width was 62.8 inches at a height of 3.0 inches. Dynamic deflection of the barrier during the test was 40.2 inches, and permanent deflection was 40.0 inches  Although small pieces of concrete spalled off of the barrier, no detached elements, fragments, or other debris were present to penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present hazard to others in the area.  Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 10.0 inches in the side plane at the right front corner at bumper height. No occupant compartment deformation was observed.  The 2270P vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 25° and 9°, respectively. Longitudinal OIV was 15.7 ft/s, and lateral OIV was 21.0 ft/s. Longitudinal	PASS
	occupant ridedown acceleration was 3.9 g, and lateral occupant ridedown acceleration 11.6 g. The occupant risk factors were within the MASH preferred limits.  The Free Standing Temporary Concrete	
	Barrier performed acceptably for MASH test 3-11.	

3-20 (1100C)	This product is not a transition system.	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-21 (2270P)	This product is not a transition system.	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted

Full Scale Crash Testing was done in compliance with MASH by the following accredited crash test laboratory (cite the laboratory's accreditation status as noted in the crash test reports.):

Laboratory Name:	Texas A&M Transportation Institute		
Laboratory Signature:	Digitally signed by Darrell L. Kuhn 'Date: 2022.12.01 15:59:39 -06'00		
Address:	1254 Avenue A, Bldg 7091, Bryan, Texas 77807	Same as Submitter	
Country:	USA	Same as Submitter 🖂	
Accreditation Certificate Number and Dates of current Accreditation period :	ISO 17025-2017 Laboratory A2LA Certificate Number: 2821.01 Valid To: April 30, 2023		

Submitter Signature\*:

Submit	Form	
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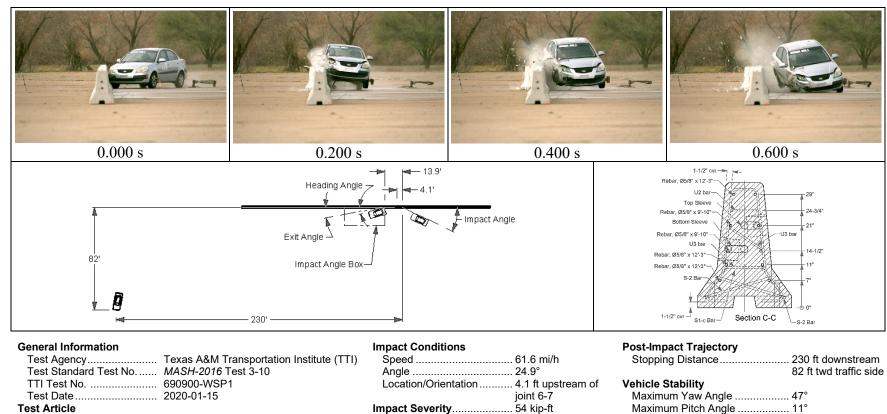
# **ATTACHMENTS**

### Attach to this form:

- 1) Additional disclosures of related financial interest as indicated above.
- 2) A copy of the full test report, video, and a Test Data Summary Sheet for each test conducted in support of this request.
- 3) A drawing or drawings of the device(s) that conform to the Task Force-13 Drawing Specifications [Hardware Guide Drawing Standards]. For proprietary products, a single isometric line drawing is usually acceptable to illustrate the product, with detailed specifications, intended use, and contact information provided on the reverse. Additional drawings (not in TF-13 format) showing details that are relevant to understanding the dimensions and performance of the device should also be submitted to facilitate our review.

# **FHWA Official Business Only:**

Eligibility Letter		
Number Date		Key Words



General Information Test Agency	Angle	Post-Impact Trajectory Stopping Distance
Type/Designation	THIV	Vehicle Damage  VDS

Figure 5.10. Summary of Results for MASH-2016 Test 3-10 on Illinois Tollway Free-Standing TCB.

Dummy ...... No dummy

Gross Static ...... 5040 lb

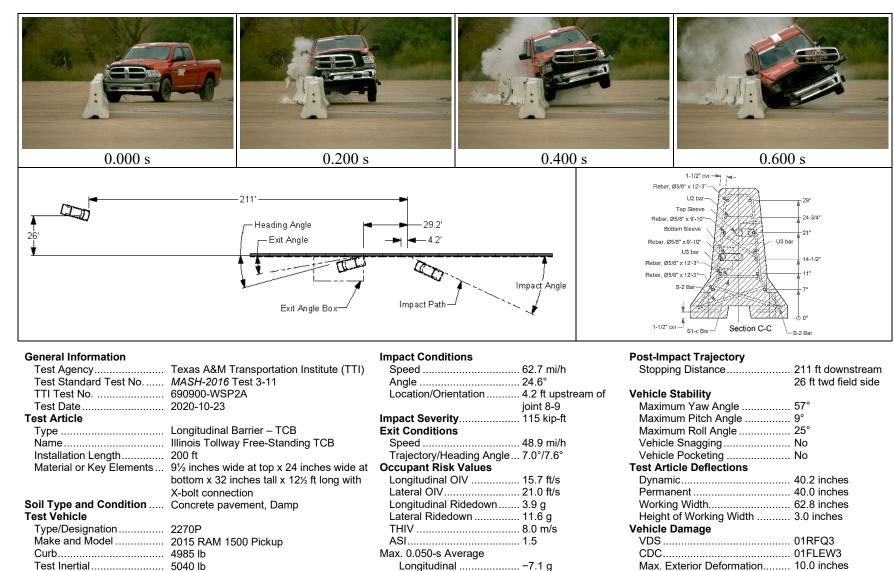


Figure 6.10. Summary of Results for MASH-2016 Test 3-11 on Illinois Tollway Free-Standing TCB.

Lateral..... −11.4 g

Vertical..... −2.7 g

OCDI...... FR0000000

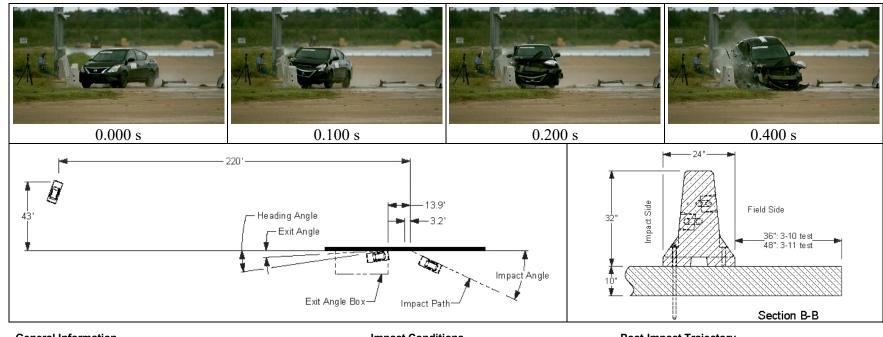
Deformation...... None

Max. Occupant Compartment

Drawn by GES Scale 1:250

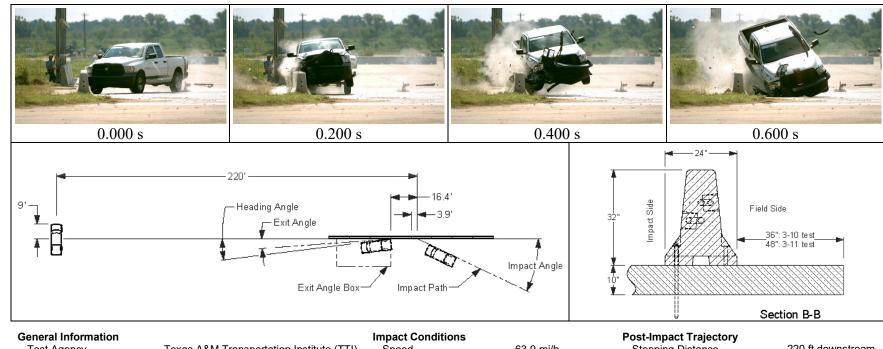
Sheet 1 of 1 Test Installation

# **APPENDIX** DETAILS **OF ILLINOIS TOLLWAY FREE-STANDING**



			ÿ Sed	tion B-B
General Information		Impact Conditions	Post-Impact Trajectory	
Test Agency T	Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)	Speed 64.5 mi/h	Stopping Distance	220 ft downstream
Test Standard Test No N		Angle25.0°	11 3	43 ft twd field side
TTI Test No 6	690900-WSP3	Location/Orientation 3.2 ft upstream of	of Vehicle Stability	
Test Date 2	2020-09-14	joint 4 - 5	Maximum Yaw Angle	52°
Test Article		Impact Severity	Maximum Pitch Angle	17°
Type L	ongitudinal Barrier—Temporary Concrete		Maximum Roll Angle	9°
Ε.	Barrier	Speed 55.7 mi/h	Vehicle Snagging	
Name F	Pinned Temporary Concrete Barrier	Trajectory/Heading Angle 3.2°/8.4°	Vehicle Pocketing	No
Installation Length 1	100 ft	Occupant Risk Values	Test Article Deflections	
Material or Key Elements 1	12 ft-6 inches long, 91/2 inches wide at the	Longitudinal OIV 20.0 ft/s	Dynamic	8.0 inches
to	op, 24 inches wide at the bottom, and	Lateral OIV 26.9 ft/s	Permanent	4.0 inches
3	32 inches tall, X-connection; pinned to	Longitudinal Ridedown 3.4 g	Working Width	
C	concrete slab	Lateral Ridedown 7.9 g	Height of Working Width	3.0 inches
Soil Type and Condition	Concrete Pavement, Dry	THIV 10.5 m/s	Vehicle Damage	
Test Vehicle		ASI 2.1	VDS	01RFQ5
Type/Designation 1	1100C	Max. 0.050-s Average	CDC	01FREW4
Make and Model 2	2016 Nissan Versa	Longitudinal −11.1 g	Max. Exterior Deformation	9.0 inches
Curb 2	2380 lb	Lateral16.2 g	OCDI	RF0000000
Test Inertial 2	2422 lb	Vertical4.5 g	Max. Occupant Compartment	
Dummy 1	165 lb		Deformation	1.5 inches in the
Gross Static 2				right kick panel

Figure 5.10. Summary of Results for MASH Test 3-10 on Pinned TCB.



			J	ection D-D
General Information		Impact Conditions	Post-Impact Trajectory	
Test Agency	Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)	Speed 63.9 mi/h	Stopping Distance	220 ft downstream
Test Standard Test No	MASH Test 3-11	Angle 25.2	•	9 ft twd field side
TTI Test No		Location/Orientation 3.9 ft upstre		
Test Date	220-09-16	joint 4-5	Maximum Yaw Angle	
Test Article		Impact Severity 124 kip-ft	Maximum Pitch Angle	20°
Type	Longitudinal Barrier—Temporary Concrete	Exit Conditions	Maximum Roll Angle	18°
	Barrier	Speed 54.9 mi/h	Vehicle Snagging	No
Name	Pinned Temporary Concrete Barrier	Trajectory/Heading Angle 4.2°/7.1°	Vehicle Pocketing	
Installation Length	100 ft	Occupant Risk Values	Test Article Deflections	
Material or Key Elements	12 ft-6 inches long, 9½ inches wide at the	Longitudinal OIV 14.4 ft/s	Dynamic	17.9 inches
•	top, 24 inches wide at the bottom, and	Lateral OIV 21.0 ft/s	Permanent	10.0 inches
	32 inches tall, X-connection; pinned to	Longitudinal Ridedown 4.1 g	Working Width	34.4 inches
	concrete slab	Lateral Ridedown 11.4 g	Height of Working Width	3.0 inches
Soil Type and Condition	Concrete Pavement, Dry	THIV 7.9 m/s	Vehicle Damage	
Test Vehicle	, ,	ASI 1.5	VDS	01RFQ5
Type/Designation	2270P	Max. 0.050-s Average	CDC	01FREW4
Make and Model		Longitudinal6.8 g	Max. Exterior Deformation	12.0 inches
Curb		Lateral −11.2 g	OCDI	
Test Inertial		Vertical5.1 g	Max. Occupant Compartmen	t
Dummy		5 <b>g</b>	Deformation	
Gross Static				right front firewall
				5

Figure 6.14. Summary of Results for MASH Test 3-11 on Pinned TCB.

# APPENDIX A. DETAILS OF PINNED TCB

